	<u>Key</u>	Assessment skill	s - To be covere	ed in Odd & Ever	ı years		
Year 3/4 EMERALD		e a place. se an object. versation saying 3-4 things. sing a short phrase.	language. I explain the main poin I read a passage indep	• •	Writing I write phrases from memory. I write 2-3 short sentences on a familiar topic. I say what I like/dislike about a familiar topic.		
Year 5/6 SAPPHIRE	exchanges.	versation with at least 4 e of grammar to speak correctly.	main points.	tory or factual text and note the	 Writing I write a paragraph of 4-5 sentences. I substitute words and phrases. 		
ODD YEARS 23-24 25-26	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2	
EMERALD Y 3/4	FRIENDS AND FAMILY (3)	OUR SCHOOL (3)	TIME ALL AROUND TOWN (3) (4)		ON THE MOVE (4)	WHERE IN THE WORLD (4)	
OBJECTIVES ARE SEQUENTIAL SO NOT ALL CHILDREN WILL REACH ALL POINTS	 name some common pets; recognise some rooms in their home; consider whether nouns are masculine or feminine; make new sentences by substituting other vocabulary 	 listen and respond to topic vocabulary; demonstrate understanding with actions; write sentences converting le/la to un/une; answer questions using the topic vocabulary; express simple opinions. 	 say and order the days of the week; say and order the months of the year; count on from 11-31; say their own birthday. recognise how some larger numbers are made by combining words for 	 name some of the major cities of France; identify and say typical amenities to be found in French towns; say and order multiples of ten; ask and give a simple address in French; locate the correct part 	 name some types of transport; use Je and Tu correctly in a simple sentence; respond to simple instructions for direction and movement; follow simple 	 listen and respond to topic vocabulary; answer questions orally using the topic vocabulary; write an answer in a sentence using the topic vocabulary; use an English/French dictionary to translate 	

appropriately;		smaller numbers;	of a bilingual dictionary	directions to find a	from English to French.
	•	 ask other people for their 	to translate from	place on a map.	
• use	 ask and answer 	birthday;	French-English or vice		 understand that
masculine/feminine	questions using the	 say today's date; 	versa.	 use the correct 	because a continent is
articles and	topic vocabulary;	 identify the correct 		article to precede a	always feminine the
possessive pronouns.	 from memory, begin to 	language for 'yesterday'	 locate some of France's 	noun according to	preposition 'en' is always
	know if nouns from the	,today and tomorrow	key cities;	gender;	used for 'in';
	topic are masculine or		say in French what	• use 1st person, 2nd	 use the correct
	feminine;	 ask and answer questions 	amenities or features	person (singular) and	masculine/feminine
	 express opinions with 	about dates;	are found in their own	3rd person of 'to go'	preposition
	accurate use of	use simple past and	town;	accurately with the	
	'J'aime/Je n'aime pas'.	present tenses.	use multiples of ten and	correct pronoun;	 use pronouns to replace
			number operations to do	give and respond to	the name of an animal;
	 use a dictionary/the 		simple calculations;	simple	 combine two simple
	internet to develop		vary sentences about	movement/direction	sentences to form a
	topic vocabulary		asking and giving simple	instructions;	compound sentence.
	further;		addresses:	• give simple	
	 write a sentence with 		use a bilingual dictionary	directions by	
	an adverbial phrase,		with increasing	substituting	
	e.g. I like to sing in the		confidence to translate	vocabulary as	
	music room. 'J'aime		French-English and vice	necessary;	
	chanter dans la salle de		versa.	follow simple	
	musique';		versu.	directions to find a	
	 express and ask for 		describe (in English)	place on a map.	
	opinions.		some features of the	ріасе оп а тар.	
			major cities;	talk about types of	
			*	transport in full	
			describe their own or a	sentences;	
			French city in terms of		
			the amenities found	• use correct	
			there;	subject/verb	
			count with confidence	agreement for all	
			to 100 and do simple	parts of the verb 'to	
			calculations;	go';	
			hold a short dialogue	recognise and	
			about where they live;	accurately say the	
			suggest new words for a	phoneme /sh/ when	
			vocabulary set in French	they see the spelling	
			and find the	pattern 'ch';	
			translations in a	 give and respond to 	

				bilingual dictionary.	a sequence of movements; give 2-step directions by substituting vocabulary as necessary; follow 2-step direction instructions for finding places on a map.	
SAPPHIRE	SCHOOL LIFE	ALL ABOUT OURSELVES	TIME TRAVELLING	ALL IN A DAY	LETS GO	MORE TO EXPLORE
У 5/6	(5)	(5)			SHOPPING	(6)
			(5)	(6)	(6)	
ALL OBJECTIVES ARE SEQUENTIAL SO NOT ALL CHILDREN WILL REACH ALL POINTS	Ilisten and respond to topic vocabulary; answer questions orally using the topic vocabulary; answer questions in writing using the topic vocabulary; take part in a conversation with a partner and show it to an audience. use the pronouns 'il' and 'elle' to replace a person's name; use a comparative adverb. use the pronouns 'ils' and 'elles' to replace	 name some parts of the body; give a simple description of their eyes and hair; make simple statements using the 3rd person; match emotions/health words with their pictures. name facial features; extend a description using adjectives and conjunctions; make nouns/adjectives 'agree' according to their gender and number; ask and answer questions about everyday actions in the classroom; make questions and answers using the 3rd person; say how they are feeling. 	recognise number words in spoken sentences; say numbers larger than 100; match the subject and verb for high-frequency verbs; recognise when someone is saying a date. explain how larger numbers are often described by combining smaller number words; use numbers in a sentence correctly; demonstrate their understanding of a sentence; identify auxiliary verb and	say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock and half past); understand and use the terms used for a.m. and p.m du matin, de l'après-midi and du soir; tell the time in 24-hour time - o'clock and half past; read and interpret timetables in 24-hour times - o'clock and half past. say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock, half past, quarter past and quarter to); tell the time in 24-hour	 listen and respond to topic vocabulary; answer questions using the topic vocabulary; take part in role play as a shopper/shopkeeper, speaking in French; greet and respond; use the preposition entre; write money amounts in French, up to 500 € in multiples of 50. use the preposition à côté de and 	 identify and repeat some key French sounds; remember some information about France, French-speaking countries and French culture; follow a simple story in French with familiar language; look up a word in a French dictionary or online language tool; take part in a short conversation in French; understand some key information in written and spoken French; write a few sentences about themselves in French; understand some key

two people's names. • explain why adjectives change in French but not in English; • spell adjectives correctly according to their gender/number; • vary sentences by substituting other verbs, nouns or adjectives; • identify if a sentence is in the 1st, 2nd or 3rd person; • respond to questions about their emotions or health with confidence.	past participle verb; apply prior knowledge to say when and where they were born; say when significant people in French history were born and died. identify numbers in a written sentence; give the year that some key historical events happened in France; construct a past tense sentence with the passé compose; change the past participle of the main verb to agree with number and gender of the subject. time - o'clock, half past, quarter past/to. say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock, half past, quarter past, quarter past, quarter past, duarter p	choose the correct masculine and feminine form; use adjectives (colours) and place them after the noun; write money amounts in French, up to 500 € in multiples of 50. use the nuances of colour foncé and clair; calculate change given and write the answer in French.	grammar points, e.g. genders and plurals of nouns. attempt to pronounce unfamiliar words and phrases; understand the gist of a French story and attempt to work out the meaning of new words; use a range of strategies to learn new words; correctly identify different word types; understand some detail in written and spoken French; look up a word in a French dictionary or online language tool and include it in their writing; use some high- frequency verbs to describe everyday events and activities; recognise the difference between verbs in the past, present and future. pronounce unfamiliar French words confidently and accurately; vary sentences in written and spoken French by substituting
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	adjectives; use longer sentences to describe themselves or others in detail; use a range of verbs to describe everyday events and activities; follow a pattern to conjugate a verb in the present tense; use different verb forms to refer to the past, present and future; listen and read attentively in French and respond with increasing confidence; use a range of strategies to work out the meaning of new words.
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	Key A	Assessment skills -	To be covered	d in Odd & Ever	1 years		
Year 3/4 EMERALD	Spoken language I name and describe p I name and describe a I name and describe a I name and describe a I have a short convers I give a response using I am starting to speak	place. n object. sation saying 3-4 things. g a short phrase.	familiar language. I explain the main p I read a passage inc	and a short passage using oints in a short passage. dependently. tionary or glossary to look up	Writing I write phrases from memory. I write 2-3 short sentences on a familiar topic. I say what I like/dislike about a familiar topic.		
Year 5/6 SAPPHIRE		sation with at least 4 exchanges. grammar to speak correctly.	note the main points	rt story or factual text and s. o work out unfamiliar words.	Writing I write a paragraph of 4-5 sentences. I substitute words and phrases.		
EVEN YEARS 24-25 26-27	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2	
EMERALD Y 3/4	GETTING TO KNOW YOU (2)	ALL ABOUT ME	FOOD GLORIOUS FOOD	GOING SHOPPING	WHAT'S THE TIME	HOLIDAYS AND HOBBIES	
ALL OBJECTIVES ARE SEQUENTIAL SO NOT ALL CHILDREN WILL REACH ALL POINTS	 say hello and goodbye; introduce themselves; say if they are feeling good/bad/so-so; count to 10; say how old they are. use different greetings for different situations; ask and answer simple questions for each topic area. 	 give and respond to simple classroom instructions appropriately; name parts of the body from a song; identify colours; name items of clothing; ask and answer questions using the topic vocabulary; read and write simple words; say that un/une relate to masculine & feminine nouns; 	 follow a story and join in the repeated parts; say what foods from a set they like/dislike; describe the colour or size of an object; ask politely for something predict a repeated phrase; make a range of simple statements by 	 Listen and respond to topic vocabulary. Answer questions using the topic vocabulary. Take part in role play as a shopper/shopkeeper, speaking in French. Greet and respond. Choose the correct form when changing le 	 say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock); count in fives to at least 30; understand and use the terms avant and après; answer questions about a TV schedule. say and write a 	 (4) listen and respond to topic vocabulary; answer questions orally using the topic vocabulary; write an answer in a sentence using the topic vocabulary; present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences. 	

	use vocabulary they have learnt elsewhere to develop their sentences; recognise there is a difference between formal and informal language.	use a dictionary to develop topic vocabulary further.	•	substituting vocabulary; modify a colour adjective; respond appropriately to a polite request. recognise the correct determiner depending on gender/number; select adjectives based on gender/number of nouns; order sentences correctly.	to du; la to de la and les to des. Use adjectives (colours) and place them after the noun Change adjectives to feminine when needed. Use the appropriate form for 'at' (au or à la).	•	sentence to tell the time (O'clock and half past) say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock, half past, quarter past and quarter to); devise questions about a TV schedule.	 choose the correct preposition: en for feminine countries, au for masculine countries; choose whether the mode of transport needs en or à. use third person plural conjugation of a verb; use the correct possessive adjective for a family member (ma, mon or mes).
SAPPHIRE	FAMILY AND FRIENDS	PLEASED TO MEET YOU		THAT'S TASTY	LET'S VISIT A	TH	HIS IS FRANCE	OUR PRECIOUS
y 5/6	(5)	(5)		(5)	FRENCH TOWN			PLANET
ALL OBJECTIVES ARE SEQUENTIAL SO NOT ALL CHILDREN WILL REACH ALL POINTS	 join in traditional songs and rhymes; recognise rhyming sounds; use 1st person possessive adjectives confidently and recognise that third person is different; introduce family members; say what sort of home they live in and name items inside; give a simple opinion about a named animal or object; construct a simple sentence about a variety of topics. 	 demonstrate their prior learning from previous units; say a simple future sentence; give an intention for the immediate future; use body language or gesture to help understand; say how they are feeling; follow a simple story and recognise key vocabulary; present information about themselves with support. recognise the difference between English and French future tenses; ask how to spell a word in French; name the accents on French 		listen and respond to topic vocabulary; answer questions orally using the topic vocabulary; write an answer in a sentence using a modelled sentence; take part in role play using the key phrases studied. interpret a chart written in French; write words and phrases from memory; use the correct masculine or feminine	 make simple sentences with habiter (to live); listen to and join in a song; recognise key words and phrases and respond; use gestures to support what they are saying; use a bilingual dictionary with support; identify places in a French town or city; listen for familiar vocabulary; recognise ordinal		listen and respond to topic vocabulary; answer questions orally using the topic vocabulary; write an answer to a sentence using the topic vocabulary; create sentences independently, using a model sentence; write numbers in words which are multiples of ten; describe position up to 4 compass points.	 identify some key environmental challenges in their local area; use 'il y a' to say what challenges there are; say what environmental actions they are going to take; make simple statements about what environmental actions some groups of people are going to do;

•	respond appropriately to the meaning of songs/
	rhymes;
•	suggest other rhyming
	words to extend a set:

- differentiate between first and third person possessive adjectives and verbs;
- describe their home by size and say where items can be found;
- give a variety of opinions;
- join two clauses with 'et' or 'mais' appropriately.
- suggest alternative sentences/song phrases by substituting new vocabulary;
- make increasingly complex descriptive links between family members;
- differentiate between first and third person possessive adjectives and verbs and use them appropriately;
- discuss similarities and differences between French/English terms for the same idea:
- extend sentences and support opinions by using conjunctions.

alphabet letters;

- substitute vocabulary to change a sentence:
- orally make a short personal presentation.
- use the terms auxiliary verb and infinitive verb;
- spell out words using the correct letter names, including accents;
- explain how adjectives are different according to the gender of the noun;
- follow a story and take an educated guess at unknown words, using their reading strategies;
- make a longer personal presentation by combining a range of topic knowledge.

form of adjectives; use the correct masculine or feminine form for 'some'

- write sentences from memory;
- use the correct masculine, feminine or plural form of adjectives;
- use the correct masculine, feminine or plural for 'some.'

numbers:

- recognise a spelling pattern.
- choose the correct form to go with the subject of the sentence;
- talk about what there is to do in a town:
- use simple prepositional phrases;
- use a bilingual dictionary;
- ask/answer questions about where a place is;
- use appropriate words for number operations;
- recognise and use ordinal numbers;
- identify a spelling pattern;
- join in with a song or poem to help remember new language.
- vary the noun and verb appropriately for their purpose;
- compare and order numbers up to 1000;
- use prior learning to help make informed quesses;
- apply a spelling pattern to make a new word.

- write numbers in words up to 999;
- describe position up to 8 compass points;
- can chose the correct tense of the verb être (present or imperfect);
- can choose the correct form of an adjective describing nationalities.
- write numbers in words up to 1200:
- create sentences independently, using online. translators/dictiona ries to help.

- link their sentences with 'et';
- write and read aloud a short paragraph.
 - use 'il y a/il n'y a pas' to say what challenges there are in their local area:
- sav what environmental actions they would like to take;
- use a range of linking words to make longer sentences:
- use the near future in the 3rd person singular and plural;
- explain what environmental actions they think some groups of people are going to take;
- ask and answer auestions about environmental actions and challenges in their local area:
- write and deliver a short presentation with a clear introduction and conclusion.
- vary sentences by substituting other verbs, nouns or adjectives;

					 conjugate the verb 'aller' to form the near future for all subject forms in full sentences; use longer sentences to explain in detail what environmental challenges they can see; use longer sentences to explain in detail what actions they are going to and would like to take, in the future; use longer sentences to explain in detail what environmental actions they think some groups of people are going to take; write and deliver a short presentation with confidence and accurate pronunciation.
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